

**GASES & CHEMICALS** 

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### Tiger Optics' portfolio of CRDS-based analyzers for analysis of fuel-cell grade hydrogen offers:

- Absolute accuracy due to time-based Cavity Ring-Down Spectroscopy (CRDS)
- Analysis of multiple critical contaminants listed in hydrogen purity standard SAE J2719:
   H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O and O<sub>2</sub>
- Part-per-billion (ppb) detection limits, range up to thousands of parts-per-million (ppm)
- Freedom from the need for span calibrations
- No periodic sensor replacement/maintenance
- Drift-free performance
- Designed to comply with ASTM Standard Test Method D7941 for fuel cell hydrogen analysis

### The easy way to ensure hydrogen quality

Hydrogen quality is critical for the performance and lifetime of hydrogen fuel cells. H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O and O<sub>2</sub> are severe contaminants for this application, causing performance reduction, degradation of the proton exchange membrane, and damage to the catalyst. Tiger Optics offers powerful analytical tools for the measurement of trace amounts of these molecules. The instruments' ppb-level detection limits help ensure compliance with SAE J2719 and similar purity standards to protect fuel cell electric vehicles (FCEVs) from damage.

Based on powerful Cavity Ring-Down Spectroscopy (CRDS), with a proprietary laser-lock cell, all Tiger

analyzers are free of drift, guaranteeing consistent and reliable trace detection for fuel-cell-grade hydrogen in the lab or in the field. Highly specific to the target molecule, CRDS also eliminates measurement distortion from cross-interference. Plus, there is no need to perform costly and time-consuming zero and span calibrations, saving both time and money with continuous, online service.

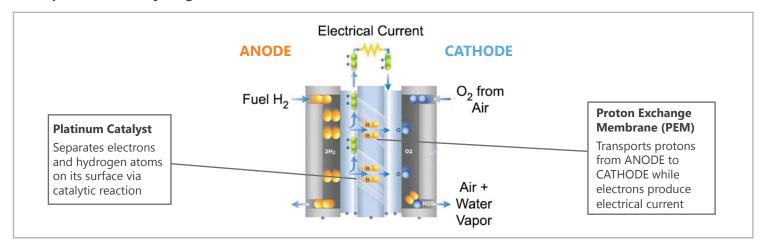
Tiger Optics offers multiple platforms: the Spark, the HALO 3, the HALO OK, and the Prismatic<sup>TM</sup> 2 for single-species and multi-species analysis, all optimized to give users robust performance, extremely low Cost of Ownership, and operational simplicity.



## **Fuel Cells and Hydrogen Purity**

High-purity hydrogen is crucial to the performance and lifetime of fuel cells. The critical componts of the fuel cell are the platinum catalyst and the proton exchange membrane (PEM). Both can experience significant loss in performance or even irrversible damage in the presence of contaminants on the anode side (hydrogen side) of the fuel cell.

### Principle of a PEM Hydrogen Fuel Cell used in FCEVs



### **Effects of Contaminants in Hydrogen on the Fuel Cell Anode**

Moisture (H <sub>2</sub> O)	Cathode-side molecule, impedes efficiency of fuel-cell reaction ( $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O$ )
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	Degrades performance of catalyst, can accumulate in H <sub>2</sub> recirculation loop
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Adsorbs onto catalyst and severely degrades performance, difficult to recover
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	Reduces to CO and adsorbs to catalyst
Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	Impedes conductivity of membrane, signifcantly affects performance, recoverable
Formaldehyde (CH <sub>2</sub> O)	Reacts with catalysts, degrades performance, possible accumulation via H <sub>2</sub> recirculation
Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )	Cathode-side molecule, impedes efficiency of fuel-cell reaction ( $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow H_2O$ )

### **Hydrogen Purity and Measurement Standards**

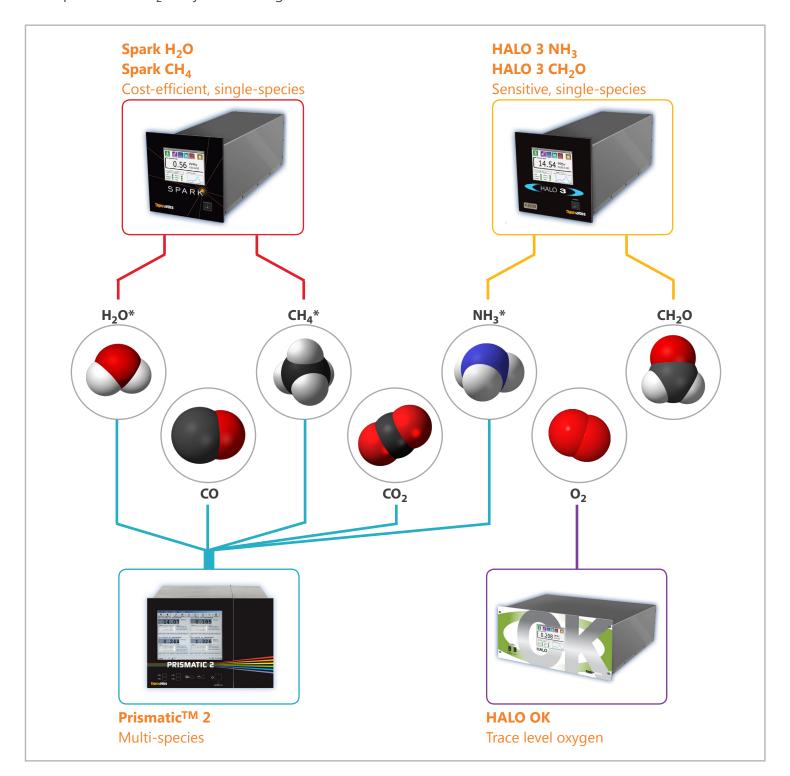
Most countries have adopted the fuel cell hydrogen purity standard **SAE J2719**, developed by the **Society of Automotive Engineers**, which sets limits for the species listed above:  $H_2O$ ,  $CH_4$ , CO,  $CO_2$ ,  $NH_3$ ,  $CH_2O$  and  $O_2$ , as well as six other critical contaminants.

Tiger Optics has worked with **ASTM International** to create a standard test method for the analysis of fuel-cell grade hydrogen using CW-CRDS to allow users to take advantage of this powerful analytical method for this application. The standard was finalized in 2014 and is designated as **ASTM D7941/D7941M-14**.



## **Products for H<sub>2</sub> Purity Analysis**

Tiger Optics offers four different versatile CRDS platforms for single-species or multi-species detection of critical impurities in fuel-cell-grade hydrogen to assure **SAE J2719 compliance**. All of Tiger Optics' systems are also optimized for H<sub>2</sub> analysis according to **ASTM Standard Test Method D7941**.



\*For H<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub> and NH<sub>3</sub> detection, you can choose between dedicated single-species analyzers (Spark and HALO 3, respectively) or the multi-species Prismatic 2. The Prismatic 2 can be configured to detect a maximum of four different molecules. The recommended analyzer combination depends on your requirements. Please contact us to discuss your optimum solution.



## Spark H<sub>2</sub>O Spark CH<sub>4</sub>

## Trace Level Analyzers for Moisture and Methane



Performance in H <sub>2</sub>		
Operating range	See table below	
Detection limit (MDL)*	See table below	
(95% confidence limit)		
SAE J2719 Limit	See table below	
Precision ( $1\sigma$ , greater of)	± 0.75% or 1/2 of MDL	
Accuracy (greater of)	± 4% or MDL	
Speed of response	< 3 minutes to 90%	
Environmental conditions	10°C to 40°C	
	30% to 80% RH (non-condensing)	
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C	

Gas Handling System and Conditions			
Wetted materials	316L stainless steel		
	10 Ra surface finish		
Gas connections	1/4" male VCR		
Inlet pressure	10 - 125 psig (1.7 - 9.6 bara)		
Flow rate	~1.4 slpm		
Gas temperature	Up to 60°C		

Dimensions	H x W x D [in (mm)]
Standard sensor	8.75 x 8.5 x 23.6 (222 x 216 x 599)
Sensor rack	8.75 x 19 x 23.6 (222 x 483 x 599)
(fits up to two sensors)	
Weight	
Standard sensor	32 lbs (14.5 kg)
Electrical	
Alarm indicators	2 user programmable
	1 system fault
	Form C relays
Power requirements	90 – 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption	40 Watts max.
Signal output	Isolated 4-20 mA per sensor
User interfaces	5.7" LCD touchscreen
	10/100 Base-T Ethernet
	802.11g Wireless (optional)
	RS-232

Performance in H <sub>2</sub> :	Part Number	Range	MDL*	SAE J2719 Limit
Spark H <sub>2</sub> O	F7700	0 – 1750 ppm	6 ppb	5000 ppb
Spark CH <sub>4</sub>	F7701	0 – 80 ppm	6 ppb	100 ppb <sup>†</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>Method detection limit (MDL) is determined using U.S. EPA 40 CFR Part 136 Appendix B (95% Confidence Limit) 
†Concentration limit when using CH<sub>4</sub> measurement instead of total hydrocarbon (THC) analysis (total THC limit is 2 ppm)
U.S. Patent # 7,277,177

## HALO 3 NH<sub>3</sub> HALO 3 CH<sub>2</sub>O

# Trace Level Analyzers for Ammonia and Formaldehyde



Performance in H <sub>2</sub>	
Operating range	See table below
Detection limit (MDL)*	See table below
(95% confidence limit)	
SAE J2719 Limit	See table below
Precision ( $1\sigma$ , greater of)	± 1% or 1/2 of MDL
Accuracy (greater of)	± 4% or MDL
Speed of response	< 3 minutes to 90%
Environmental conditions	10°C to 40°C
	30% to 80% RH (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C

Gas Handling System and Conditions			
Wetted materials	316L stainless steel		
	10 Ra surface finish		
Gas connections	1/4" male VCR		
Leak tested to	1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> mbar l / sec		
Inlet pressure	10 - 125 psig (1.7 - 9.6 bara)		
Flow rate	1 slpm		
Gas temperature	Up to 60°C		

8.75 x 8.5 x 23.6 (222 x 216 x 599)
8.75 x 19 x 23.6 (222 x 483 x 599)
33 lbs (15 kg)
2 user programmable
1 system fault
Form C relays
90 – 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
40 Watts max.
solated 4–20 mA per sensor
5.7" LCD touchscreen
10/100 Base-T Ethernet
802.11g Wireless (optional)
RS-232

Performance in H <sub>2</sub> :	Part Number	Range	MDL*	SAE J2719 Limit
HALO 3 NH <sub>3</sub>	F7617	0 – 6 ppm	1.0 ppb	100 ppb
HALO 3 CH <sub>2</sub> O	F7618	0 – 1750 ppm	7 ppb	10 ppb

\*Method detection limit (MDL) is determined using U.S. EPA 40 CFR Part 136 Appendix B (95% Confidence Limit) U.S. Patent # 7,277,177



## Prismatic<sup>TM</sup> 2

# Multi-Species Gas Analyzer for $NH_3$ , $H_2O$ , CO, $CO_2$ and $CH_4$



Performance in H <sub>2</sub>	
Operating range	See table below
Detection limit (MDL)*	See table below
(95% confidence limit)	
SAE J2719 Limit	See table below
Precision (1σ, greater of)	± 0.5% or 1/2 of MDL
Accuracy (greater of)	± 4% or MDL
Speed of response	< 5 minutes to 95%
	(in 4-channel operation)
Environmental conditions	10°C to 40°C
	30% to 80% RH (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C
<b>Gas Handling System and</b>	Conditions
Wetted materials	316L stainless steel
	10 Ra surface finish
Gas connections	1/4" male VCR
Leak tested to	1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> mbar l / sec
Inlet pressure	20 - 125 psig (2.4 - 9.6 bara)
Flow rate	< 1 slpm
Gas temperature	Up to 60°C

Dimensions	H x W x D [in (mm)]	
Electronics unit and sensor	12.25 x 17.50 x 29.65	
	(311 x 445 x 753)	
Weight		
Standard sensor	70.5 lbs (32.0 kg)	
Electrical		
Alarm indicators	User programmable setpoints	
	(1 per channel), Form C relays	
Power requirements	90 – 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Power consumption	400 Watts max.	
Signal output	0-5 VDC analog	
	Isolated 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA	
User interfaces	10.4" LCD touchscreen	
	PS/2 mouse and keyboard	
	10/100 Base-T Ethernet	
	4 USB ports, RS-232	
Part Number	F8003	

### The Prismatic<sup>TM</sup> 2 can be configured to detect a maximum of four different molecules from below list.

Performance in H <sub>2</sub> :	Range	MDL*	SAE J2719 Limit
Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )	0 – 15 ppm	2 ppb	100 ppb
Moisture (H <sub>2</sub> O)	0 – 50 ppm	4 ppb	5000 ppb
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	0 – 1000 ppm	100 ppb	200 ppb
Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	0 – 3000 ppm	200 ppb	2000 ppb
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	0 – 10 ppm	1 ppb	100 ppb <sup>†</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>Method detection limit (MDL) is determined using U.S. EPA 40 CFR Part 136 Appendix B (95% Confidence Limit) 
†Concentration limit when using CH<sub>4</sub> measurement instead of total hydrocarbon (THC) analysis (total THC limit is 2 ppm)
U.S. Patents # 6,097,555 • # 6,172,823 • # 7,277,177

## **HALO OK**

## Trace Level Oxygen Analyzer



Performance in H <sub>2</sub>	
Operating range	0 – 40 ppm
Detection limit (MDL)*	2.5 ppb
(95% confidence limit)	
SAE J2719 Limit	5000 ppb
Precision (1σ, greater of)	± 0.75% or 1/2 of MDL
Accuracy (greater of)	± 4% or MDL
Speed of response	< 3 minutes to 95%
Environmental conditions	10°C to 40°C
	30% to 80% RH (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C

Gas Handling System and Conditions		
Wetted materials	316L stainless steel	
	10 Ra surface finish	
Leak tested to	$1 \times 10^{-9}$ mbar l / sec	
Gas connections	1/4" male VCR	
Sample inlet pressure	10 - 125 psig (1.7 - 9.6 bara)	
Sample flow rate	0.5 to 1.8 slpm (gas dependent)	
Gas temperature	Up to 60°C	

Dimensions	H x W x D [in (mm)]
Standard sensor	8.75 x 19 x 23.6 (222 x 483 x 599)
Weight	
Standard sensor	45 lbs (20.4 kg)
Electrical	
Alarm indicators	2 user programmable
	1 system fault
	Form C relays
Power requirements	90 – 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Power consumption	200 Watts max.
Signal output	Isolated 4-20 mA
User interfaces	5.7" LCD touchscreen
	10/100 Base-T Ethernet
	802.11g Wireless (optional)
	RS-232
Part Number	F7502-H

<sup>\*</sup>Method detection limit (MDL) is determined using U.S. EPA 40 CFR Part 136 Appendix B (95% Confidence Limit) U.S. Patent # 7,277,177 • U.S. Patent # 7,255,836



## Advanced Spectroscopic Solutions for Fuel Cell Hydrogen Analysis









### **Annual Remote Certification**

- Low-cost and easy remote certification process, with no need to return the analyzer to the factory (it remains in situ)
- Annual re-certification by Tiger Optics ensures that your analyzer continues to meet its original specifications
- Up-to-date Verification Certificate to comply with your QA/QC standards



#### References

ASTM Standard D7941 / D7941M - 14, "Standard Test Method for Hydrogen Purity Analysis Using a Continuous Wave Cavity Ring-Down Spectroscopy Analyzer" – available from ASTM International, <a href="http://www.astm.org/Standards/D7941.htm">http://www.astm.org/Standards/D7941.htm</a>

SAE J2719, "Hydrogen Fuel Quality for Fuel Cell Vehicles" – available from the Society of Automotive Engineers, <a href="http://standards.sae.org/j2719\_201109">http://standards.sae.org/j2719\_201109</a>

EPA 40 CFR Part 136 Appendix B – available from the U.S. Government Publishing Office, Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, <a href="http://www.ecfr.gov">http://www.ecfr.gov</a>

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